May: The first off-shore semi-submersible drilling vessel to be assembled in Canada, the largest of its kind in the world, began drilling for oil and gas off Vancouver Island. May 1, The Bank of Montreal reduced its lending rate to $5\frac{3}{4}$ p.c. from 6 p.c. and established a new type of savings account paying a higher rate of interest than normal savings accounts but with non-chequing privileges, savings accounts but with non-chequing privileges, the beginning of increased competition among Canadian banks. May 2, Toronto Maple Leafs won the Stanley Cup, symbol of hockey supremacy, over the Montreal Canadiens, 4 games to 2. May 4, The Supreme Court of Canada rejected the appeal of Steven Truscott that he was wrongly convicted of the 1959 rape-murder of Lynne Harper. May 11, Death of Margaret McTavish Konantz, former M.P. for Winnipeg South and Canadian chairman of UNICEF. Death in Montreal of Senator Vincent Dupuis. Mrs. Marie Penny of Newfoundland became the first woman Penny of Newfoundland became the first woman President of the Fisheries Council of Canada. May 13, Death in Toronto of Dana Harris Porter, Chief Justice of Ontario since 1958. May 14, H.R.H. Princess Alexandra and her husband H.A.H. Princess Alexandra and ner nussand Angus Oglivy arrived in Toronto to begin a 26-day visit to Canada. May 16, Indian Affairs and Northern Development Minister Laing announced a \$1,000,000 program to help Indians buy or build a \$1,000,000 program to help Indians buy or build homes off their reserves and nearer to their places of employment. May 17, The City of Montreal celebrated its 325th birthday. May 18, The 25th anniversary of Canadian Pacific Air Lines cele-brated in Ottawa; a rebuilt Fairchild Model 82 aircraft, one of a type that opened the Canadian North in the 1930s, was presented by the airline to the Canadian National Aviation Museum in Ottawa. May 19, The 11-year UN peace-keeping Emergency Force in the Near East, of which approximately one fourth were Canadians, came to an end on demand of the United Arab Republic to an end on demand of the United Arab Republic and orders of UN Secretary-General U Thant. May 20, An Air Canada DC-8F jet aircraft crashed near Ottawa on a training flight, killing the three veteran pilots aboard. May 23, Provincial election in Alberta; Social Credit government under Premier Manning returned to 9th consecutive term of office. May 24, More than 10,000 Ontario and Quebec dairy farmers demonstrated on Par-liament Hill in support of their demand for higher namedr find in support of their demandi for higher milk prices; the demonstration resulted in the doors of the Centre Block being locked against Canadians for the first time. Award of the first \$0,000 Royal Bank Centennial Medal to Dr.-Wilder Penfield, founder of the Montreal Neuro-logical Institute, announced. Official opening of Bellevue House, Kingston home of Sir John A. Macdonald, by National Revenue Minister Benson. Centennial Voyageur Canoe pageant began in Alberta at Rocky Mountain House on the North Saskatchewan River, a race between teams representing eight provinces and two terri-tories to cover the 3,283 miles to Expo 67 in Montreal by Sept. 4. May 24-26, First annual congress of the Canadian Meteorological Society, formerly the Canadian Branch of the Royal Meteorological Society, held in Ottawa. May 25, The gift of the United States to Canada, The Great Ring of Canada, unveiled by U.S. President Lyndon B. Johnson at Expo 67. May 27, Twelve chairs, each bearing the crest of a Canadian province or territory, presented to the Confeder-ation Centre in Charlotteown, P.E.L., as a centennial project of the Federated Women's Institutes of Canada. May 28, Dr. John J. Deutsch, Chairman of the Economic Council of Canada, appointed Principal of Queen's University, effective Sept. 1 following retirement of Dr. J. A. Corry. Sir Francis Chichester landed at Plymouth, England, after completing a 28,500-mile voyage around the world in Gypsy Moth IV, the first man to have sailed around the world alone with only one stop on land. May 28, Announcement of the design of the new uniform for all branches of the milk prices; the demonstration resulted in the doors of the Centre Block being locked against

Canadian Armed Forces—dark green with standard insignia and badges. Mayor Drapeau of Montreal received the Gold Medal of The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada for distinguished service to the arts and architecture in 1967. May 30, Provincial election in Nova Scotia; Premier Stanfield's Progressive Conservative Government returned to power in its fourth consecutive victory. Announcement of approval by H.M. Queen Elizabeth II of the institution by the Government of Canada of "The Canadian Centennial Medal, 1967" to commemorate the Centennial Medal, 1967" to commemorate the Centennial of Confederation. May 31, Twelve white swans flown to Canada from England, gift of H.M. Queen Elizabeth II to the City of Ottawa to mark Centennial Year. The Sir John Carling Building, new Canada Department of Agriculture headquarters at Ottawa, formally opened by Agriculture Minister Greene.

- June: June 1, Federal sales tax removed from drugs, effective Sept. 1. June 5, Outbreak of hostilities between the armed forces of Israel and her neighbours announced by UN Secretary-General U Thant at emergency session of Security Council. June 8, Syria, the last of the three major partners in the Israel-Arab conflict, agreed to a cease-fire. Letter of resignation from Mr. Justice Léo A. Landreville as a Justice of the Supreme Court of Ontario tabled in the House of Commons; acceptance announced. June 14, A bronze bust of Mrs. Mariana Jodoin, the first French-Canadian Chapter of the World Association of Women Executives. June 20, The \$13,000,000 National Library and Archives Building in Ottawa officially opened by Prime Minister Pearson. The U.S. Federal Power Commission approved Trans-Canada Pipe Line plans to build a link to carry Western Canadian natural gas to Eastern Canadian and U.S. markets via the United States. June 21, Official opening of a \$1,600,000 marine sciences laboratory at Logy Bay, Nfld., during the first meeting of the American Society of Limnology and Oceanography held outside the United States in 30 years. June 22-July 5, CCGS Tupper, on official visit to Expo 67 as part of the Department of Transport's Centennial Program, carried a group of orphaned children under the sponsorship of the PLEI. Command of the Royal Canadian Legion. June 24, Queen's Plate won by Jammed Lovely, owned by Conn Smythe of Toronto. June 29-July 5, Visit of H. M. Queen Elizabeth II and H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh to Canada. June 50, Dosco Industries Limited closed the Bell Island iron son tariffs and trade signed in Geneva, to come into effect Jan. 1, 1968; over \$3,000,000,000 worth of Canadian exports will benefit and Canadian concessions on imports amount to about \$2,500,000,000. June 30-July 1, President Zahr Husain of India opened a multi-million-dollar hardboard factory operated by Indian intereets at East River near Halifax during official visit to Canada.
- July: July 1, Canada's 100th birthday marked by celebrations on Parliament Hill beginning on the ve of June 30 with a 100-gun salute and continuing throughout the day, attended by H. M. Queen Elizabeth II and H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh; celebrations and commemorative observances were held across the country. United College officially became the University of Winnipeg. July 3-6, National convention of the New Democratic Party held in Toronto; T. C. Douglas returned as national leader by acclamation. July 5, H. M. Queen Elizabeth II invested Governor General Michener with the first ribbon and pendant star of the Order of